### 1.1 Graphing Linear Relationships

How can you graph a linear relation?

1. Make a table of values
2. Find the $x$ and $y$ intercepts
3. Determine the slope and $y$-intercept $(y=m x+b)$

Ex. 1 Graph using a table of values
a)

b) $y=\frac{1}{2} x+3$


Select $x$-values that are multiples of 2 to avoid fractions

| $x$ | $y$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 3 |
| 2 | 4 |
| 4 | 5 |
| 6 | 6 |
|  |  |



How to Avoid Communication Errors!

- Arrows on $x$ and $y$-axes as well as the line
- Label the line
- Label axes
- Use a ruler and pencil
- Must show a scale

Ex. 2 Graph using $x$ and $y$-intercepts
Why?

- at the x-intercept, $\mathrm{y}=0$
- at the $y$-intercept, $x=0$

$2 x+3 y=12$



Ex. 3 Graph using the slope and y -intercept.
a) $y=-2 x+1$

slope $\quad y$-intercept
$m=-2$
b $=1$

b) $4 x=20-5 y$

$$
\begin{gathered}
4 x+5 y=20 \quad \begin{array}{c}
\text { into the form } \\
S_{y}
\end{array}=-4 x+20 \\
y=-\frac{4}{5} x+4 \\
m=-\frac{4}{5} \quad b=4
\end{gathered}
$$



## Special Cases

Ex. 4 Graph each line, then state the slope,
a) $y=3$ $y=0 x+3$
b) $y=-2$


## Your Turn: <br> Page 5 \#6bd,7bd,8


http://www.mathplayground.com/SaveTheZogs/SaveTheZogs.html

