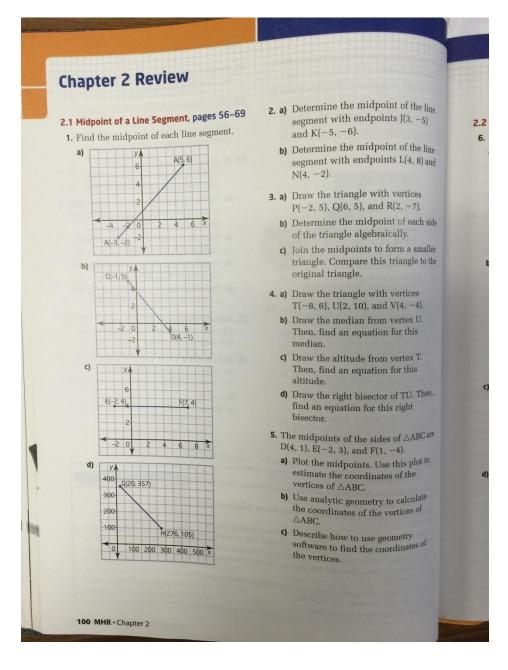
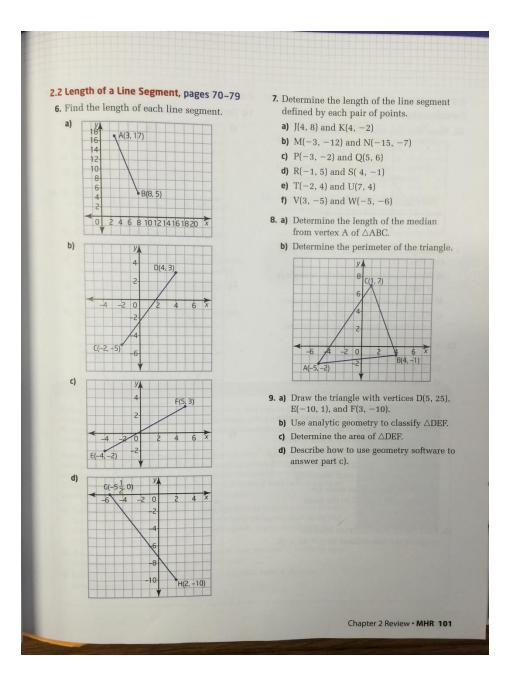
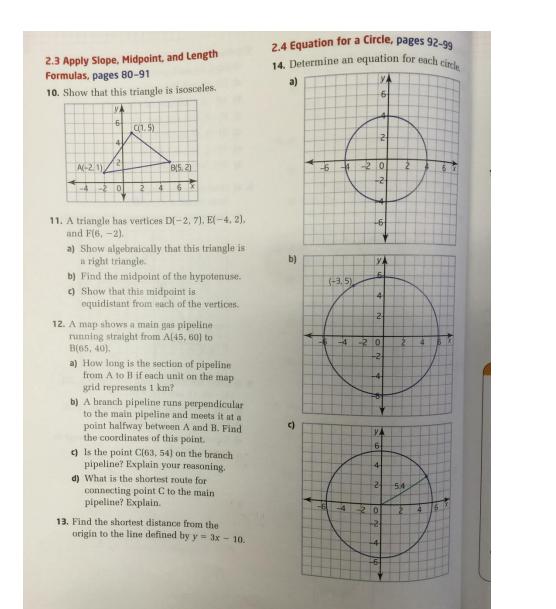
Questions for Review: #1,2,3,4,6,7,8,12, 15 & 16







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## MPM2D

- **15.** Find an equation for the circle that is centred on the origin and
  - a) has a radius of  $4\frac{1}{2}$
  - b) has a diameter of 14
  - c) has a radius of  $\sqrt{12}$
  - d) passes through the point (4, 7)
- 16. a) Determine whether the point A(-2, -6) lies on the circle defined by x<sup>2</sup> + y<sup>2</sup> = 40.
  - **b)** Find an equation for the radius from the origin O to point A.
  - c) Find an equation for the line that passes through A and is perpendicular to OA.
  - d) Use a graph to check your answers to parts a), b), and c).
  - e) Explain why A is the only point on the line that also lies on the circle.

- **17.** a) Show that the line segment joining A(-3, 1) and B(1, 3) is a chord of the circle defined by  $x^2 + y^2 = 10$ .
  - **b)** Determine an equation for the right bisector of the chord AB.
  - c) Show that the line in part b) passes through the centre of the circle.
- 18. A communication tower can send and receive signals from cell phones up to 20 km away. A cell phone user is 15 km east and 13 km south of the tower. Is this user able to receive a signal from the tower?

## Chapter Problem Wrap-Up

Many natural systems, such as river deltas and tree branches, have patterns that look like fractals. Parts within a natural pattern usually vary somewhat, so they are not exactly similar. Nonetheless, fractals often provided the first reasonably accurate mathematical model for such complex systems.

Beginning with a discovery by the meteorologist Edward Lorentz in 1961, scientists and mathematicians found that fractal models revealed surprising patterns in data that had appeared to be completely random. The mathematics that describes this hidden order in complex systems is called chaos theory. Applications of chaos theory include models of ocean currents, population growth, commodity prices, and blood flow in veins and arteries.

- a) Research fractals at a library or on the Internet. Describe how to create a fractal different from the ones mentioned in this chapter. Choose a fractal you learned about during your research or create one of your own. Explain how midpoints, lengths, or equations for circles are used to generate the fractal.
- b) Make a poster of the fractal you described in part a). Draw the fractal by hand or by using technology. Describe any special features of the fractal.
- c) Describe a specific application of fractals, such as a scientific model or computergenerated imaging (CGI).

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